PNG’s Millennium Development Goals Experience: Lessons Learnt for the Sustainable Development Goals

2016 PNG Update: “SUSTAINING DEVELOPMENT (IN PNG) BEYOND THE RESOURCES BOOM”

04th November 2016
Presentation Outline

• Summary of the PNG Final MDG Report 2015
  (GoPNG launched in July and presented in Parliament)

• Lessons Learnt & Way Forward for 2030 Agenda (Sustainable Development Goals)

• Solicit comments for Way Forward

Disclaimer: I do not represent DNPM or UN/UNDP in this presentation
PNG’s Progress Against the Millennium Development Goals… Mixed
PNG MDG Highlights:

- PNG was 1 of 3 countries that didn’t achieve the MDGs
- PNG had consistent economic growth averaging 6% during MDG era but didn’t translate into improved quality of life (PNG Human Development Report 2014)
- Rate of Poverty increased from 37.5% (1996) to 39.9 (2009/10) (2009/10 HIES)
  - Poverty definition: poverty of opportunity than based consumption & income. GoPNG adoption of poverty definition for 220 calories/day (National Poverty Line?)
Cont...

• Generally poor health outcomes
  - stunting and wasting; low immunization coverage; high rate of women & child health issues
  - MMR (733/100,000* 220/100,000) (DHS 2006 methodology). 90% of MMR occur in health facilities
  - poor water & sanitation, communicable diseases & non-communicable diseases (double-disease burden)

• Education – challenges with retention, quality, resources, curriculum changes

• Gender equality – education parity, gender based-violence, political representation
MDG-era Gains

• Progress made in health: stabilised HIV from generalised epidemic in 2003 (+1%) to concentrated epidemic (0.65%), ARV treatment & services scale-up 80% (NDOH)
• Malaria prevalence reduced by 75% (NDOH)
• Education – TFF increased enrolment and gender parity at elementary and primary school
• Gender equality: Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (Public Services)
• Private Sector led Women/Girls Empowerment (access to credits by Women’s MicroBank, NDB, Exxon, etc.)
Cont...

- Enabling environment by GoPNG – capital infrastructure, policy & legislative frameworks (DDAs, National Planning Act)
- Urbanisation – Public Housing sector
- Availability of Electoral Funds (PGK 4 billion in DSIP/PSIP)
- Private Sector growth (LNG projects)
- Mobile & Telecom / internet – growth
The New Agenda 2030 (SDGs)

- Adopted 25 September 2015;
- Commenced 1 January 2016 – December 2030
- “a plan of action for people, planet and prosperity”,
- “leaving no one behind”

- Consists of
  - Declaration
  - 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), 169 targets
  - means of implementation and renewed global partnership
  - framework for review and follow-up
Sustainable Development Goals
Result of one of the most Participatory Processes
MDGs to SDGs

• **Wider scope**, economic and environmental sustainability, aspiration for peaceful and inclusive societies.

• **More ambitious agenda**, to eliminate rather than reduce poverty, with more demanding targets

• **Universal agenda**, applying to all countries and all people
## From MDGs to SDGs

<table>
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<tr>
<th>MDGs</th>
<th>SDGs</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>UN-led dialogues</strong></td>
<td><strong>Country-led consultations</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>8 Goals, 18 Targets and 48 Indicators</strong></td>
<td><strong>17 Goals, 169 Targets and many Indicators</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Focus: Deprivation, Poor countries</strong></td>
<td><strong>Focus: Sustainable development, Universal</strong></td>
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<td>Basic services (and environment and inequalities partially addressed)</td>
<td>Holistic approach based on the 3 pillars</td>
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<td><strong>Traditional development actors</strong></td>
<td><strong>Multi-stakeholder approach</strong></td>
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<td>Started at National level and then localization</td>
<td>Local dimension recognized from the beginning</td>
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<td>Mainly funded with ODA</td>
<td>Financing for development</td>
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<td>MDGs data mainly Macro</td>
<td>Need for disaggregated data</td>
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MDGs were separate and each Goal has its targets; SDGs are interconnected
SDGs linked to GoPNG Strategic Priorities

- PNG’s Vision 2050
- PNG’s National Strategy for Responsible Sustainable Development
- PNG’s DSP 2010-2030
- PNG’s Medium-Term Development Plans
Implementing the SDGs

Now that this historic agenda has been passed, how do we make these goals a reality?
Six broad factors appear to be critical to the success of MDG localization efforts:

• Involvement of non-state actors
• Capacity at the local level
• Coordination across development policies and strategies, and coherence between different levels of government
• Inter-department working
• Availability of financial resources
• Good Data

• Eliminate School Fees / Free school meals
• Providing LLINs
• Ending user fees for basic health care
• Drugs for HIV, TB & Malaria
• Access to electricity, water & sanitation
• Legislation for women’s rights (including property)
• Action on domestic violence
• Upgrading slums, proving public housing
• Training for CHWs in rural areas
• Planting trees
Innovative Approach for SDGs

• Business as usual will not get PNG anywhere
• Explore our comparative advantage:
  - StaRS (strategic assets)
  - Rural majority (Agro-related)
  - Youth productivity (60% under 24 yrs)
• Economic Corridors - 10 proposed in the PNGDSP 2010-2030
• DDA Act
• Planning Act (linking MTDP to Annual Budget, National Service Delivery Framework)
What would it take to achieve top 50 HDI by 2050? Vision 2050

Papua New Guinea ranks 158th out of 188 countries in the Human Development Index

Four Indicators

• Life Expectancy
• Mean Years of Schooling
• Expected Years of Schooling
• Gross National Income per capita

Three Dimensions

• Health
• Education
• Living Standards
Concluding Points

• SDGs aims to “Leave no one behind” and “Reaching the furthest for inclusive and holistic development”

• Prioritising on areas we have strengthens and experiences in.

• Innovative and Targeted interventions for multiplier impacts

• National leadership and ownership for national development
Resources

• UN web platform on the 2030 Agenda & SDGs

• UN Development Group – resources to support to implementing the 2030 Agenda at national level
  https://undg.org/home/undg-mechanisms/sustainable-development-working-group/country-support/
  – Mainstreaming Reference Guide

• Help desk maps@undg.org