Community Development Lessons for Localising Sustainable Development Goals

PNG Update 2017

Kia-Henry Nema, MID, MPH
Background:

- Good Practice Manual for Community Development in Papua New Guinea
- Lessons Learned Report based on Community-led MDGs Acceleration Project
- Advocacy on the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Practical examples for District Development Authorities (DDAs) to consider
Sustainable Development Goals (2016-2030)
Linking the SDGs to PNG’s National Development Strategies
National Frameworks to Support Implementation

- National Planning Act 2015
- National Service Delivery Framework
- National M&E Framework
- Annual Budget Framework Paper
- PNG Strategy for Development Statistics
- District Development Authority Act 2014
Challenge: Making Development Real?

- Acknowledge that GoPNG allocated more resources to Education, Health, Infrastructure, and SIPs

- No official data to show progress on the last MTDP
  - Examples of official development data (DHS 2006, HIES 2009/10)
  - 2015 MDG Report relayed on old data and unverified administrative/routine data.

- Some Provinces/DDAs may have improved on their development indicators but no data

- Lack of capacity for DDA implementation

- Enabling environment
Challenge: Making Development Real?

- Trolga, WHP – development of health centre building to improve the health status of the people
- Sibalai, MBP – food security, community resource for learning and business development
- Musendai, ESP – transport access to markets, rice mill for income generations, school attendance for Girls, MCH, village housing project
- Domil, Jiwaka – mini cassava mill, chicken processing for food security and income generation and rural sustainable development

Key Lesson: Communities are resilient and want to do something to improve their own lives but need start-up resources
How we make SDGs Real?

- Enabling Environment by Government—HR capacity, roads, infrastructures, utilities, etc...
- Focus on areas for “quick wins with targeted interventions”
- PSIP/DISP/LLGSIP—prioritise on core service delivery areas to attract partnerships
- Build partnerships - local and international partners, and Private Sector
- Improve data and M&E systems (evidence based planning/programming)
Building on comparative advantage and strategic assets (land and youths)

Phasing the MTDP – 3 MTDPs to 2030

MTDP – DSP & SDGs – Vision 2050
“Leading No One Behind”

Smart, Wise, Fair, Healthy and Happy Society by 2050

“Responsible Sustainable Development”
What would it take to achieve top 50 HDI by 2050?

Papua New Guinea ranks 158th out of 188 countries in the Human Development Index

Four Indicators
- Life Expectancy
- Mean Years of Schooling
- Expected Years of Schooling
- Gross National Income per capita

Three Dimensions
- Health
- Education
- Living Standards
“I have lived a long life. It’s been hard. I have seen too many women die while giving birth, or while on their way to seek medical help, children die because we could not get to a hospital on time. The nearest hospital is too far away. And to go, we needed car, and to go in a car, we needed roads.”

Namba Mel, Trolga
In summary

• PNG is at a critical moment of development
• Historical resource-derived growth has not driven sustained and equitable improvements in human development;
• Government will have to prioritise its goals and funding streams
• Must apply the lessons learnt from MDG experience
• Partnership: Lets work together to support increased opportunities for every citizen to lead the life they deserve
• People are the real wealth of a nation
Resources:

**UNDP Resources:**

**Driving the Change Documentary:**

UN Development Group – resources to support to implementing the 2030 Agenda at national level https://undg.org/home/undg-mechanisms/sustainable-development-working-group/country-support/

Help desk maps@undg.org
Thank You!