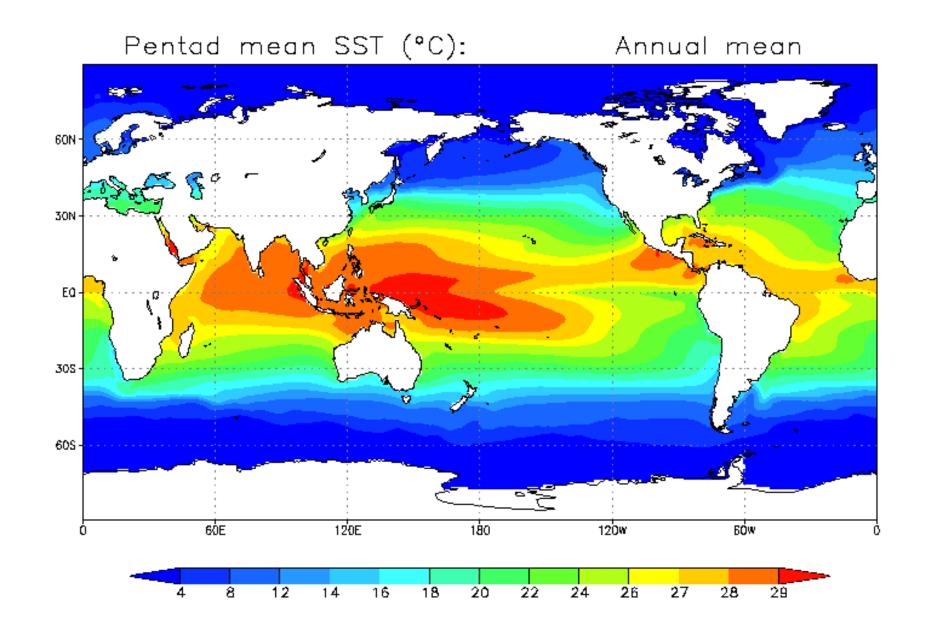
Sustainable Development through Blue & Red Economy in PNG.

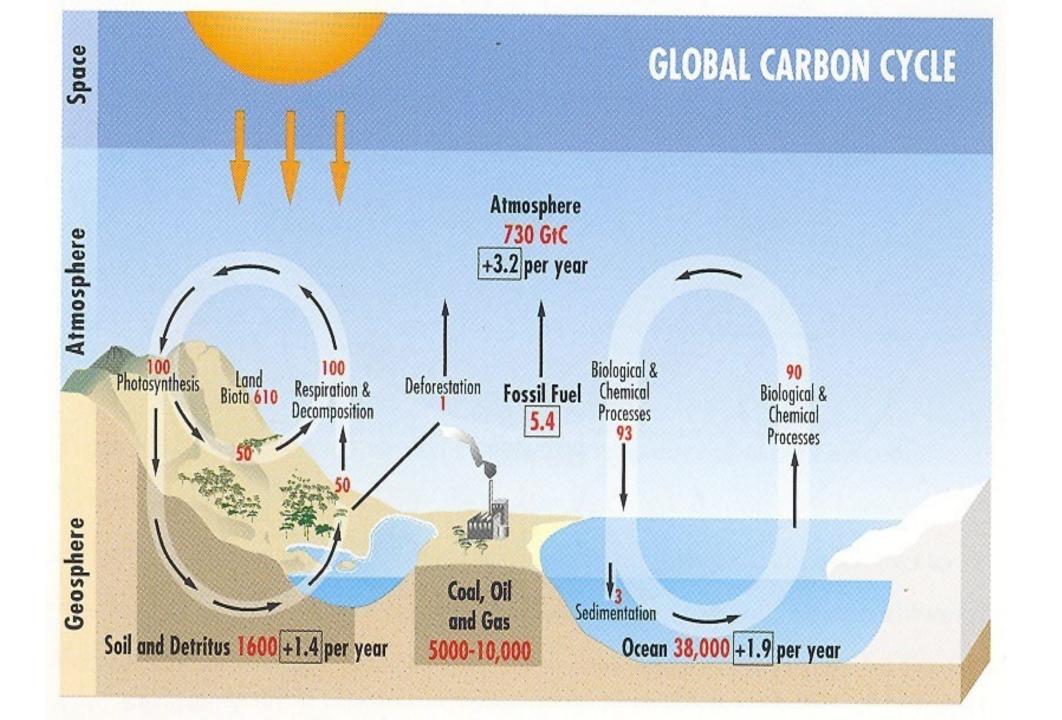
Professor Chalapan Kaluwin
Environmental Science and Sustainable DevelopmentUPNG

17TH August 2023

- 1. Introduction- Climate Change and Impacts
- 2. BLUE & GREEN Economy
- 3. Sustainable Development-Model
- 4. Partnerships- UPNG, TEM and Manus Province
- 5. Summary







COP 26 WE'RE HERE: >400 PPM **WE NEED TO GET BELOW:** 350 PPM CO2 in the Atmosphere

PARIS AGREEMENT 2015

BRIEF

Over the 2015 in Paris, two weeks of negotiations culminated in the adoption by parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change of a conference decision and Paris Agreement to address climate change. The combined Paris Outcome commits parties to limit global temperature rise to 'well below 2°C' with an aspirational target of a 1.5°C limit.

How does it affect you?

The Paris Agreement commits parties to hold the increase in global average temperature to 'well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels'.

The Agreement includes a mechanism for parties to review their nationally determined contributions every five years, with increasing ambition.

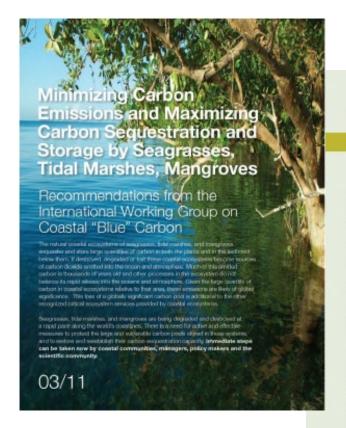
The Paris Outcome includes a work program and measures for enhanced action prior to 2020, as well as recognition of the importance of non-state actors, including business and sub-national governments in addressing climate change.

The Paris Outcome along with the series of innovation announcements and commitments made during COP21 will increase focus on clean energy

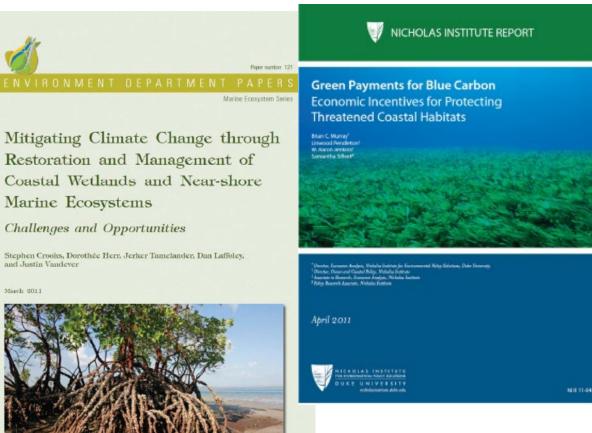
to also also and a second officion and and

International Blue Carbon WG (CI, IUCN, UNEP, World Bank)





Mangrove Conservation

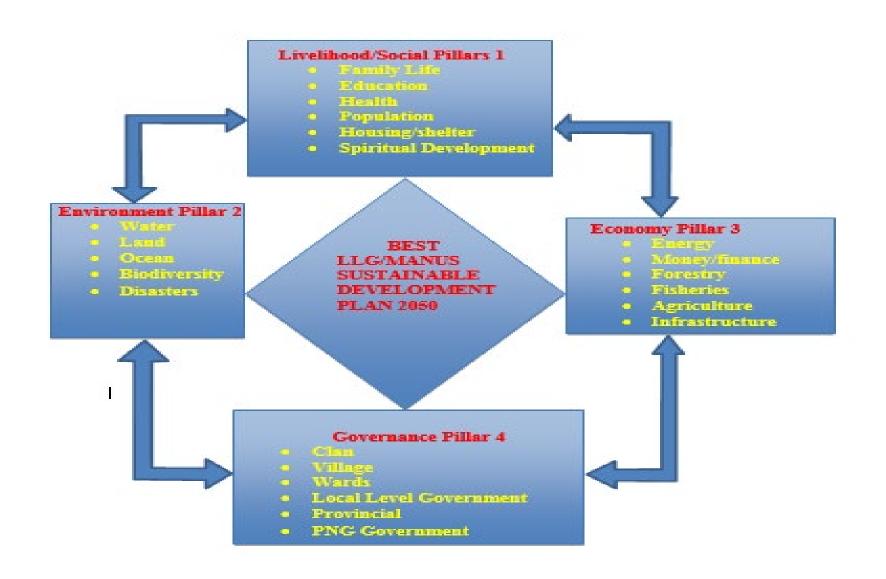


Sustainable Development Vice Presidency



Methodology

Conceptual Framework - Manus Sustainable Development Framwork



Governance: Where do we begin?







BOTTOM UP APPROACH

BUILDING GREATER AUTONOMY

- 1. CLAN LAND BOUNDARY MAPS
- 2. CLAN/TRIBE PROFILE
- 3. SOCIOECONOMIC PROFILE
- 4. BIODIVERSITY/ ENVIRONMENT PROFILE



5. RAPATONA LLG SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT PLAN 2022 -2032



Agenda

- 1. Introduce the team
- 2. Importance of mangroves and status on Manus Island
- 3. Project stages
- 4. Project concept
- 5. Discussion



Project Partners



Project Lead - design, approvals, funding and implementation









Support from the Manus Provincial Government



Our Partners

With the help of TEM to make careful project selections, offsets provide a way for us to take immediate action to slow climate change while we partner with our clients and suppliers on the challenging and material task of removing emissions directly from our construction activities and materials.

Ann Austin, National Sustainability Manager Lendlease Building















QANTAS





































































April Salumei REDD+, PNG





Reduced Emissions from Deforestation and Degradation (REDD)

Agriculture Forestry and Other Land Use (AFOLU)



Crediting period 38 years



Project area 603,712 hectares



Biodiversity



> 380 species of birds and mammals



Avoided emissions (Second verification period 2014-18) 1,848,434 tCO₂

UN Sustainable Development Goals



















Cookstoves Project, PNG



Installation of high efficiency firewood cookstoves (VMROOO6)

UN Sustainable Development Goals



Step 1 Step 2

Step 3

Step 4 Step 5 Step 6

Step 7

Technology

Avoided emissions

Pilot Study (underway)

Financial model

Investment approval

Project submission

Project delivery



Avoided emissions
Estimated 5-7 tCO₂ per ICS/annum



University of PNG



- Prof. Chalapan Kaluwin and Dr. Lavong Balun (UPNG team)
- In 2014 commenced research on Climate Change linked to the Blue Carbon market in PNG, the Pacific, and now the Manus Island Province
- Started Blue Research in RAPATONA LLG in 2020 measuring Blue Carbon stocks of mangrove and seagrass, and estimating Biodiversity abundance and conservation status









James Cook University

- JCU ranked 1 in the world for marine science
- Cutting edge restoration research with impact
 - 15 fisheries habitat restoration
 - 4 large blue carbon research projects (>1000ha)
 - 10 restoration projects for water quality
 - 5 spatial habitat modelling
- Latest technology and artificial intelligence
- Team of 10 staff (Scientists and field techs)



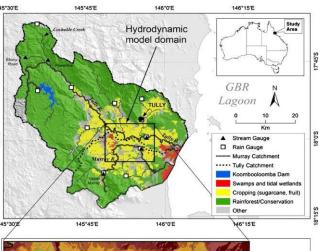


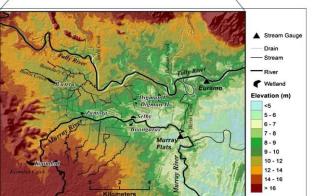






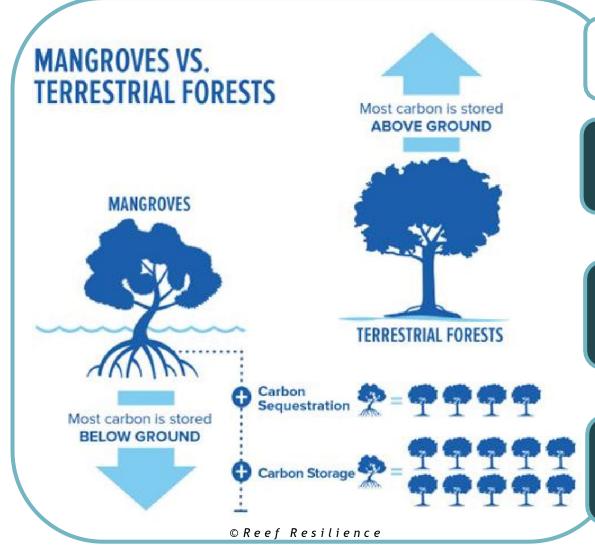
Centre for Tropical Water and Aquatic Ecosystem Research







The Importance of Mangroves







Terminology for carbon captured by oceans and coastal ecosystems

Mangroves are 10 times more efficient than forests in storing CO2

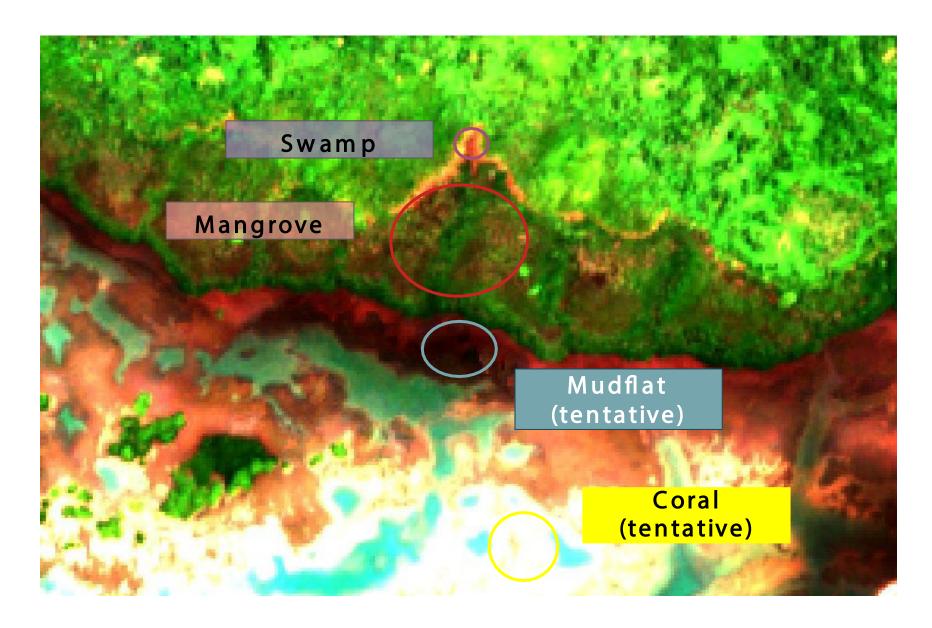
Mangroves damaged by human activity release their accumulated CO2 contributing to Climate Change



Classiffication Based on Remote Sensing

True Colour

Note: Corals are not part of the proposed land cover classification but an alignment on the differentiation of corals and mudflats would be required for accurate classification of mudflats



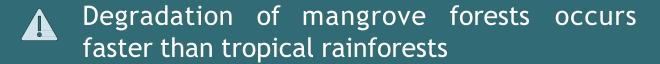


Current Status of Mangroves











Frequent erosion and flooding by King tides (e.g., 2008, 2021 in the Pacific)

Lack of monitoring systems

Absence of policies to support sustainable coastal management



Mangrove Ecosystems in PNG







Mangroves surface 417,229 hectares



Mangrove surface Worldwide

Ranked 4th



Estimated tonnes of C Storage 223,096,105



Global C storage Worldwide 5.32%



Manus Island Mangroves – Preliminary assessment







Mangroves in Manus and Los Negros Islands

Remote sensing data



2000-2022 Landsat 7, Sentinel 1 & 2



Mangroves 5,760 hectares

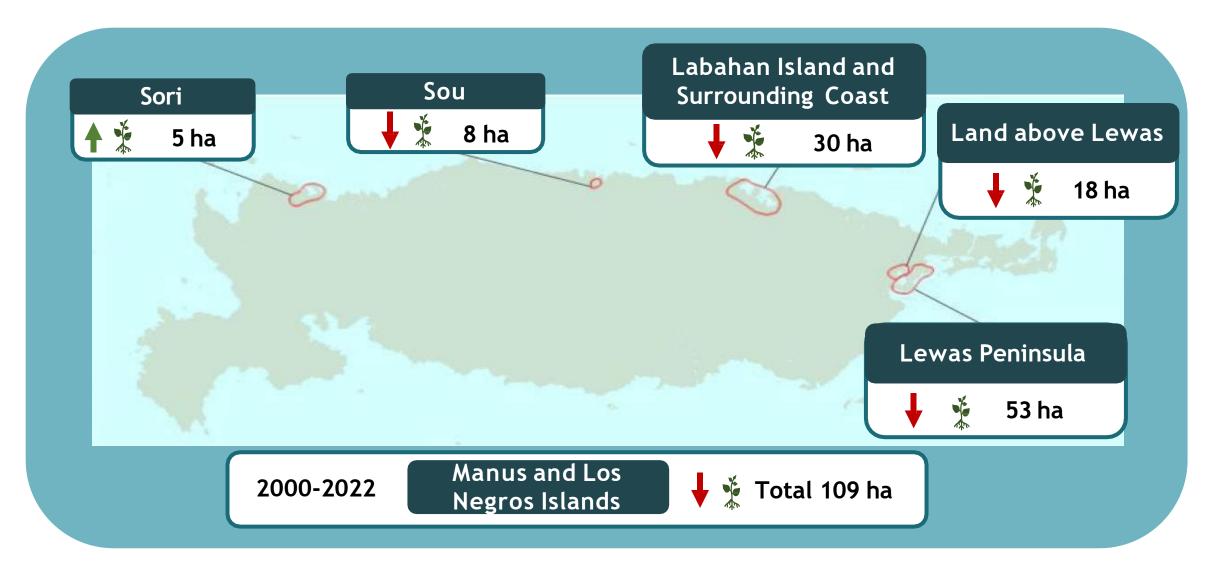


Estimated tonnes of CO2 stored 9,881,424

Hamilton & Friess 2018

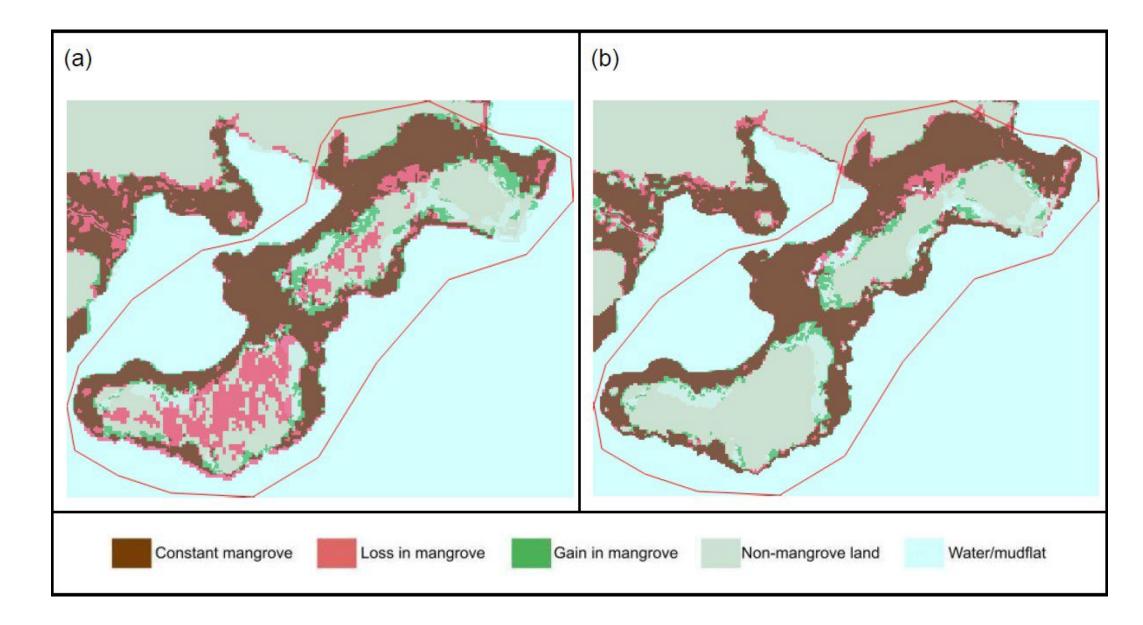


Preliminary analysis - Manus Island mangroves 2000-2020





Preliminary analysis 2000-2020 (Lawas)





Impacts on Manus (Lawas)



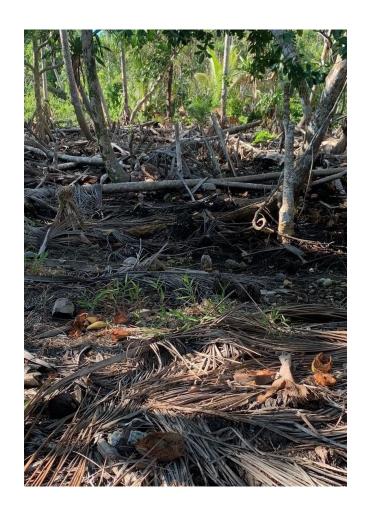






Impacts on Manus (Lobahan and Airport Rd)







Integrated Blue Carbon Project First in PNG (- model project)



Education of the local communities on mangrove protection, conservation and integrated agriculture



Address human induced impacts on mangroves - clearing for housing, firewood, agriculture, infrastructure (eg road design, drainage)



Develop a management plan to establish areas for mangrove protection and restoration (eg Rapatona, Labahan) with partners (UPNG, TNC)



Work with the National and Manus Provincial Governments, LLGs, ward and clans to develop policy for coastal management



Key Stages for a successful Manus Integrated Blue Carbon Project

- 1. Prepare the Project Concept and undertake preliminary research
- 2. Sign an MOU with Manus Provincial Government
- 3. Undertake a Feasibility Study
 - a) Stakeholder Engagement MPG, CCDA, LLGs/landowners, etc
 - b) Project Design Document
 - c) Project Cost & Finance
 - d) Investment Plan (community benefit and mangrove restoration)
 - e) Project Approvals
- 4. Sign a Project Development Agreement with MPG
- 5. Project Implementation (team based on Manus)
- 6. Project Monitoring & Evaluation



