

Pacific Buzz (July 25): Political round up | Fiji plots, arrests and decrees | Family planning boost | Unrealistic energy targets | Search for missing millions... and more

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A roundup of development policy issues in the Pacific by the [Pacific Institute of Public Policy](#) and the [Development Policy Centre](#).

Political roundup

Electoral issues around the region continue to surface following a brief return to [violence](#) in Timor Leste after the Fretilin party was excluded from the new government. Votes are still being [counted](#) in PNG. In an upset Arthur Somare [lost](#) his seat. [Two women](#) have so far been confirmed to have won seats, as have incumbent Prime Minister Peter O'Neill and his rival Sir Michael Somare. O'Neill is firming as the favourite to form government, and in a surprise move is [understood](#) to be in discussions with Somare about forming a coalition. Sir Michael had recently threatened to jail O'Neill if he got back into power. Outgoing Deputy Prime Minister Belden Namah is ahead in the count in his electorate and is expected to lead a rival bloc to challenge the O'Neill-led group. The full results of the election aren't expected until next week, and there will be a further period of intense coalition negotiations before parliament sits to vote in a new prime minister.

Meanwhile Tongan prime minister, Lord Tuivakano, still faces the [vote of no confidence](#) deposited last month. A new Speaker of Parliament has been elected following the [conviction](#) of former Speaker, Lord Lasike, on illegal ammunition charges.

Solomon Islands prime minister, Gordon Darcy Lilo, says he will re-introduce a [political integrity and stability bill](#) before parliament and is seeking bi-partisan support for it.

Fiji plots, arrests and decrees

It has been reported that the New Zealand intelligence services are investigating an alleged [assassination](#)

[plot](#) against Fiji's military ruler, Commodore Voreqe Bainimarama.

In Fiji, former Prime Minister Mahendra Chaudhry accused the military government of intimidation after members of his Labour party [were arrested](#). The arrests were made before the temporary [suspension](#) of the Public Order Amendment Decree that requires a permit for anyone holding a public meeting.

At the same time [new decrees](#) on the constitutional process were introduced, attracting [criticism](#) for the inclusion of coup amnesty provisions, and the composition of the assembly established to oversee the drafting of the new constitution.

Meanwhile, the Citizens Constitutional Forum and its director, Reverend Akuila Yabaki, have been [charged with contempt of court](#) for publishing an article critical of the rule of law in Fiji. Also in court is former Prime Minister Laisenia Qarase, who was denied a stay on the [corruption](#) charges he faces.

\$2.6 billion aid boost for family planning

Though most of the Pacific appeared to [miss out](#) on the [\\$2.6 billion in aid](#) promised at the recent London family planning summit, the [Australian Government](#) is set to double its aid funding for basic reproductive health care, news that has been [well received](#) in the Pacific, though how much of the new funding will flow to the Pacific [remains](#) to be seen. According to [this article](#), research based on data from Solomon Islands and Vanuatu suggests that every dollar spent on family planning can save approximately \$45 in health-care and education costs.

Unrealistic energy targets

A recent [Devpolicy blog](#) has questioned the renewable energy targets of Pacific island countries. Six island governments have adopted plans to generate 100 per cent of electricity from renewable technologies, which have been labelled overly ambitious, especially for small atoll states lacking viable renewable resources. The analysis suggests high renewable energy targets are appropriate in some countries, such as Fiji, with large hydropower potential, and Vanuatu, which has geothermal resources. But in the other cases, targets are seen as an inefficient lobbying mechanism to push larger countries to take action against climate change.

Search for missing millions

A number of Pacific island countries (Nauru, Marshall Islands, Vanuatu, Samoa, and Cook Islands) have been [identified](#) in a [Tax Justice Network](#) report that suggests at least \$21 trillion is hidden in tax havens.

Meanwhile, a [global hunt](#) for \$550 million that is allegedly part of a failed Irish property magnate's missing fortune has focused on Vanuatu. In response ANZ Vanuatu has [emphasised](#) Vanuatu's financial sector is now well regulated and that strict banking controls are in place to thwart money laundering.

Coral reefs threatened

At the 12th International Coral Reef [Symposium](#) scientists issued a [dire warning](#) that a quarter of the world's reefs are severely degraded, and without immediate action the situation will worsen. Many of the Pacific's reefs are damaged, with 85 per cent of the coral triangle, encompassing Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands and Timor Leste, reportedly [under threat](#). Research presented at the symposium advocated establishing [small marine reserves](#) for protecting Pacific reef ecosystems.

Mining moves

As the scramble continues across the Pacific and elsewhere for undersea mining rights, the [discovery](#) of big deposits of rare earth metals close to Japan is seen as a major strategic find. While large concentrations were also found in areas of the eastern South Pacific and near Hawaii, the potential for Pacific island countries to benefit remains unknown, with [some commentators](#) pessimistic.

In other extractive industry news, landowners in Bougainville have moved closer to an agreement to allow mining giant Rio Tinto back in to develop the [Panguna](#) gold and copper mine, while claims that mining is set to generate more revenue than tourism in Fiji have been labelled [premature](#).

In Solomon Islands, Malaita Forum leaders have threatened [drastic action](#) unless granted a meeting with the prime minister to discuss gold mining concerns.

In brief

\$19 million ADB loan for the [University of the South Pacific](#).

[Vanuatu](#) launches [e-government](#) network, and [new trade policy](#).

Australia working on [Papua solution](#).

Calls for full citizenship rights in [American Samoa](#).

Foreign media bans delayed in [Palau](#).

So many [meetings](#), so little impact: a critique of the excess of regional health meetings in the Pacific.

Illegal [bird trade](#) in Solomon Islands.

SPC and MSG forge [partnership](#).

Kiribati celebrates independence (July 12) - congratulations!

This roundup of development policy issues in the Pacific is a joint venture of the [Pacific Institute of Public Policy](#) and the [Development Policy Centre](#). Editorial content is the responsibility of Derek Brien, PiPP Executive Director, and Stephen Howes, Devpolicy Director.